Maine Bureau of Insurance Form Filing Review Requirements Checklist Group Similar Supplemental to Major Medical (H25G)

Revised 10/5/2018

GROUP PLANS THAT SUPPLEMENT OTHER COVERAGE: 1. Coverage that supplements employer group major medical coverage by providing coverage of deductible, coinsurance or copay must mirror the employer major medical plan and comply with all applicable state mandated benefits. 2. Coverage that supplements employer group major medical coverage by providing benefits in this State for items or services that are not covered by the primary coverage and that are not essential health benefits (see to 45 CFR §146.145(b(5)(i)(C) is not required to cover all state mandates.

CARRIERS MUST CONFIRM COMPLIANCE and IDENTIFY the LOCATION (page number, section, paragraph, etc.) of the STANDARD IN FILING in the last column. If a carrier feels a contract does not have to meet this requirement carrier MUST explain why in the last column.*

REVIEW REQUIREMENTS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS	CONFIRM COMPLIANCE AND IDENTIFY LOCATION OF STANDARD IN FILING AND EXPLAIN IF REQUIREMENT IS INAPPLICABLE*
GENERAL SUBMIS	SSION REQUIR	EMENTS	
Electronic (SERFF)	24-A M.R.S.A.	All filings must be filed electronically, using the <u>NAIC</u> System for	
Submission	<u>§2412 (2)</u>	Electronic Rate and Form Filing (SERFF). See http://www.serff.com .	
Requirements			
	Bulletin 360		
FILING FEES	24-A M.R.S.A.	\$20.00 for Rate filings, rating rules filings, insurance policy, forms,	
	<u>§601(17)</u>	riders, endorsements and certificates. See General Instructions page in	
		SERFF for additional information on filing fee structure.	
		Filing fees must be submitted by EFT in SERFF at the time of submission of the filing.	
		All filings require a filing fee unless specifically excluded per 24-A	
		M.R.S.A. §4222(1), and/or are a required annual report.	
Grounds for	24-A M.R.S.A.	Seven categories of the grounds for disapproving a filing.	
disapproval	<u>\$24-74 M.R.S.74.</u> <u>\$2413</u>	bevon entegories of the grounds for disapproving a filling.	

Readability	24-A M.R.S.A. §2441	Minimum of 50. Riders, endorsements, applications all must be scored. They may be scored either individually or in conjunction with the policy/certificate to which they will be attached. Exceptions: Federally mandated forms/language, Groups > 1000, Group Annuities as funding vehicles. Scores must be entered on form schedule tab in SERFF.	
Variability of Language	24-A M.R.S.A. §2412 §2413	Forms with variable bracketed information must include all the possible language that might be placed within the brackets. The use of too many variables will result in filing disapproval as Bureau staff may not be able to determine whether the filing is compliant with Maine laws and regulations.	
GENERAL POLICY	Y PROVISIONS		
Applicant's statements	24-A M.R.S.A. §2817	No statement made by the applicant for insurance shall void the insurance or reduce benefits unless contained in the written application signed by the applicant; and a provision that no agent has authority to change the policy or to waive any of its provisions; and that no change in the policy shall be valid unless approved by an officer of the insurer and evidenced by endorsement on the policy, or by amendment to the policy signed by the policyholder and the insurer.	
Childhood Immunizations	24-A M.R.S.A. §4302(1)(A)(5)	Childhood immunizations must be expressly covered or expressly excluded in all policies. If childhood immunizations are a covered benefit it must be expressly stated in the benefit section. If childhood immunizations are not a covered benefit, then this must be expressly stated as an exclusion in the policy.	
Continuity of Care	24-A M.R.S.A. §4303(7)	If a contract between a carrier and a provider is terminated or benefits or coverage provided by a provider is terminated because of a change in the terms of provider participation in a health plan and an enrollee is undergoing a course of treatment from the provider at the time of termination, the carrier shall provide continuity of care in accordance with the requirements in paragraphs A to C.	
Continuation of group coverage	24-A M.R.S.A. §2809-A(11)		

allow the member or employee to elect to continue coverage under the group policy at no higher level than the level of benefits or coverage received by the employee immediately before termination and at the member's or employee's expense or, at the member's or employee's option, to convert to a policy of individual coverage without evidence of insurability in accordance with this section. Continuity on replacement of group policy Coordination of 24-A M.R.S.A. 82844 Rule 790 Definition of 44-A M.R.S.A. 84301-A. Sub-\$10-A Medically Necessary 84301-A. Sub-\$10-A A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice;
received by the employee immediately before termination and at the member's or employee's expense or, at the member's or employee's option, to convert to a policy of individual coverage without evidence of insurability in accordance with this section. Continuity on replacement of group policy Coordination of Benefits Rule 790 Definition of Medically Necessary Definition of Sub-\$10-A Medically Necessary Rule 790 A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice; A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice;
member's or employee's expense or, at the member's or employee's option, to convert to a policy of individual coverage without evidence of insurability in accordance with this section. Continuity on replacement of group policy Coordination of Benefits Rule 790 Definition of Medically Necessary Medically Necessary member's or employee's expense or, at the member's or employee's option, to convert to a policy of individual coverage without evidence of insurability in accordance with this section. This section provides continuity of coverage to persons who were covered under the replaced contract or policy at any time during the 90 days before the discontinuance of the replaced contract or policy. Medicaid is always secondary. Sub-\$10-A Forms that use the term "medically necessary" or similar terms must include the following definition verbatim: A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice;
option, to convert to a policy of individual coverage without evidence of insurability in accordance with this section. Continuity on replacement of group policy Coordination of Benefits Rule 790 Definition of Medically Necessary Medically Necessary Option, to convert to a policy of individual coverage without evidence of insurability in accordance with this section. This section provides continuity of coverage to persons who were covered under the replaced contract or policy at any time during the 90 days before the discontinuance of the replaced contract or policy. Medicaid is always secondary. Forms that use the term "medically necessary" or similar terms must include the following definition verbatim: A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice;
of insurability in accordance with this section. Continuity on replacement of group policy Coordination of Benefits Definition of Medically Necessary Medically Necessary Of insurability in accordance with this section. This section provides continuity of coverage to persons who were covered under the replaced contract or policy at any time during the 90 days before the discontinuance of the replaced contract or policy. Medicaid is always secondary. □ Rule 790 24-A M.R.S.A. §2844 Rule 790 Definition of Medically Necessary A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice; A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice;
Continuity on replacement of group policy Coordination of Benefits Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice; Consistent with general practice; Consistent with
replacement of group policy covered under the replaced contract or policy at any time during the 90 days before the discontinuance of the replaced contract or policy. Coordination of Benefits 24-A M.R.S.A. §2844 Rule 790 Definition of Medically Necessary Medically Necessary Salary Secondary. Definition of Secondary Secon
Definition of 24-A M.R.S.A. Rule 790
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Rule 790 Definition of Medically Necessary 24-A M.R.S.A. §4301-A, §4301-A, Sub-§10-A Forms that use the term "medically necessary" or similar terms must include the following definition verbatim: □ A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice; A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice;
Definition of Medically Necessary Medically Necessary Sub-\$10-A A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice;
Definition of Medically Necessary Medically Necessary Sub-\$10-A A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice;
Medically Necessary \$\frac{\\$4301-A}{\\$5ub-\\$10-A} include the following definition verbatim: A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice;
Sub-§10-A A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice;
A. Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice;
B. Clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and
duration;
C. Demonstrated through scientific evidence to be effective in
improving health outcomes;
D. Representative of "best practices" in the medical profession; and
E. Not primarily for the convenience of the enrollee or physician or
other health care practitioner.
Definition of Rule 755, Sec. "Supplemental health coverage" is a policy or contract, other than a
Supplemental Health 6(L) policy or contract covering only a specified disease or diseases, that
Coverage provides benefits that are less than the minimum standards for benefits
required under Subsections B, C, D, E, F, G, I and K. These policies or
contracts may be delivered or issued for delivery in this state only if the
outline of coverage required by Section 7(M) of this rule is completed
and delivered as required by Section 7(B) of this rule and the policy or
certificate is clearly labeled as a supplemental policy or certificate as
required by Section 7(A)(17). A policy covering a single specified
disease or combination of diseases shall meet the requirements of
Section 6(J) and shall not be offered for sale as a "limited" or

Designation of	24-A M.R.S.A.	The heading of the cover letter of any form filing subject to this rule	
Classification of	<u>§2694</u>	shall state the category of coverage set forth in 24-A M.R.S.A. §2694	
Coverage		that the form is intended to be in.	
	Rule 755,		
	<u>Sec. 6</u>		
Disclosure	Rule 755, Sec.	All supplemental health policies and certificates shall display prominently by	
	<u>7(A)(17)</u>	type, stamp, or other appropriate means on the first page of the policy or	
		certificate, or attached to it, in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for headings or captions of sections in the	
		[policy][certificate] the following:	
		transfile transfile to the many.	
		"Notice to Buyer: This is a supplemental health [policy][certificate]. This	
		[policy][certificate] provides limited benefits. Benefits provided are	
- · · · · ·		supplemental and are not intended to cover all medical expenses."	
Explanations for any		If the policy excludes coverage for work related sicknesses or injuries,	
Exclusion of	<u>§2413</u>	clearly explain whether the coverage is excluded if the enrollee is	
Coverage for work		exempt from requirements from state workers compensation	
related sicknesses or		requirements or has filed an exemption from the workers compensation	
injuries	04 4 16 15 15 15 15	laws.	
Explanations		All policies must include clear explanations of all of the following	
Regarding	<u>§2413</u>	regarding deductibles:	
Deductibles		1. Whether it is a calendar or policy year deductible.	
		2. Clearly advise whether non-covered expenses apply to the deductible.	
		3. Clearly advise whether it is a per person or family deductible or	
		both.	
Extension of Benefits	24-A M.R.S.A.	Provide an extension of benefits of 6 months for a person who is	
Extension of Denemics	\$2849-A	totally disabled on the date the group or subgroup policy is	
	<u>82047-11</u>	discontinued. For a policy providing specific indemnity during	
	Rule 590	hospital confinement, "extension of benefits" means that	
	11010 000	discontinuance of the policy during a disability has no effect on	
		benefits payable for that confinement.	
		For purposes of determining eligibility for extension of benefits, "total	
		disability" shall be defined no more restrictively than:	

		A. in the case of an insured who was gainfully employed prior to disability, "the inability to engage in any gainful occupation for which he or she is reasonably suited by training, education, and experience;"	
		or	
		B. in the case of an insured who was not gainfully employed prior	
		to disability, "the inability to engage in most normal activities of a person of like age in good health."	
Grace Period	24-A M.R.S.A. §2809-A	30 or 31 days.	
	Bulletin 288		
Guaranteed Issue	24-A M.R.S.A. §2808-B	Small group plans are guaranteed issue and renewed, community rated, and standardized plans.	
Guaranteed Renewal	24-A M.R.S.A. §2850-B	Renewal must be guaranteed to all individuals, to all groups and to all eligible members and their dependents in those groups except for failure to pay premiums, fraud or intentional misrepresentation.	
Limitations &	45 CFR	Limitations and exclusions must be substantially similar or more	
Exclusions	156.115	favorable to the insured as found in the Maine EHB benchmark plan.	
Health plan accountability	Rule 850	Standards in this rule include, but are not limited to, required provisions for grievance and appeal procedures, emergency services, access and utilization review standards.	
Minimum Standards	Rule 755, Sec. 9(G)	Supplemental coverage as defined in Section 6, Subsection L, except that supplemental coverage is not limited benefit health insurance if it is substantially similar to one of the following types of coverage:	
		1. Basic hospital expense coverage as defined in Section 6, Subsection B;	
		2. Basic medical-surgical expense coverage as defined in Section 6, Subsection C;	
		3. Basic hospital/medical-surgical expense coverage as defined in Section 6. Subsection D;	
		4. Major medical expense coverage as defined in Section 6, Subsection F; or	
		5. Basic medical expense coverage as defined in Section 6, Subsection G.	

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		If the conglemental plan is substantiable disciplinate and of the d	
		If the supplemental plan is substantially similar to any of the above listed types of insurance, then it must contain all required mandated	
		benefits and other requirements of Maine insurance law applicable to	
		that particular type of insurance.	
Notice of Policy	24-A M.R.S.A.	A carrier may make minor modifications to the coverage, terms and	
Changes and	\$2850(B)(3)(I)	conditions of the policy consistent with other applicable provisions of	
Modifications	<u>§2630(B)(3)(1)</u>	state and federal laws as long as the modifications meet the conditions	
Modifications		specified in this paragraph and are applied uniformly to all	
		policyholders of the same product.	
Notice of Rate	24-A M.R.S.A.	Requires that insurers provide a minimum of 60 days written notice to	
Increase		affected policyholders prior to a rate filing for individual health	
increase	<u>§2839</u>	insurance or a rate increase for group health insurance. It specifies the	
	§2839-A	requirements for the notice. See these sections for more details.	
	<u>82039-A</u>	Reasonable notice must be provided for other types of policies.	
Notice Regarding	24 A M D S A	There must be a notice predominantly displayed on the first page of the	
Policies or		policy that states: "THIS [POLICY OR CERTIFICATE] IS NOT A	
Certificates Which		MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT [POLICY OR CONTRACT]. If you are	
are Not Medicare	273, Sec. 17(L)	eligible for Medicare, review the Guide to Health Insurance for People	
Supplement Policies		with Medicare available from the company."	
Outline of Coverage	Rule 755, Sec.	An outline of coverage, in the form prescribed below, shall be issued in	
Outline of Coverage	7(M)	connection with policies or certificates that do not meet the minimum	
	7(111)	standards of Sections 7B, C, D, E, F, G, I and K of this rule. The items	
		included in the outline of coverage must appear in the sequence	
		prescribed:	
		presentation	
		[COMPANY NAME]	
		SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH COVERAGE	
		BENEFITS PROVIDED ARE SUPPLEMENTAL	
		AND ARE NOT INTENDED TO COVER ALL	
		MEDICAL EXPENSES	
		OUTLINE OF COVERAGE	

Penalty for failure to notify of	24-A M.R.S.A. \$2847-A	(1) Read Your [Policy][Certificate] Carefully—This outline of coverage provides a very brief description of the important features of your policy. This is not the insurance contract, and only the actual policy provisions will control. The policy itself sets forth in detail the rights and obligations of both you and your insurance company. It is, therefore, important that you READ YOUR[POLICY][CERTIFICATE] CAREFULLY! (2) Supplemental health coverage is designed to provide limited or supplemental coverage. (3) [A brief specific description of the benefits, including dollar amounts. The description of benefits shall be stated clearly and concisely, and shall include a description of any deductible or copayment provisions applicable to the benefits described. If benefits vary according to the type of accidental cause, the outline of coverage shall prominently set forth the circumstances under which benefits are payable that are less than the maximum amount payable under the policy.] (4) [A description of any provisions that exclude, eliminate, restrict, reduce, limit, delay, or, in any other manner, operate to qualify payment of the benefits described in Paragraph (3) above.] (5) [A description of provisions respecting renewability or continuation of coverage, including age restrictions or any reservations of right to change premiums.]	
notify of hospitalization	\$2847-A	140 penaity for nospitalization for emergency treatment.	
Penalty for noncompliance with utilization review	24-A M.R.S.A. §2847-D	penalty of more than \$500 for failure to provide notification under a utilization review program	
Prohibited practices		An enrollee may not be cancelled or denied renewal except for fraud or material misrepresentation and/or failure to pay premiums for coverage.	

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	<u>2850-B(3)</u>		
Prohibition against		Carriers are prohibited from including or enforcing absolute discretion	
Absolute Discretion	<u>§4303(11)</u>	provisions in health plan contracts, certificates, or agreements.	
Clauses Prohibition on	45 CFR	An issued does not married FIID if its honest design and he	
Discrimination	\$156.1259(a)	An issuer does not provide EHB if its benefit design, or the implementation of its benefit design, discriminates based on an	
Discrimination	§130.1239(a)	individual's age, expected length of life, present or predicted disability,	
		degree of medical dependency, quality of life, or other health	
		conditions.	
Rates	24-A M.R.S.A	A carrier offering small group health plans shall file with the	
	§2808-B (2-A)	superintendent the community rates for each plan and every rate, rating	
		formula and classification of risks and every modification of any	
		formula or classification that it proposes to use.	
		A Francisco constitute the effective data of the filing Francisco	
		A. Every filing must state the effective date of the filing. Every filing must be made not less than 60 days in advance of the stated effective	
		date, unless the 60-day requirement is waived by the superintendent.	
		The effective date may be suspended by the superintendent for a period	
		of time not to exceed 30 days.	
		B. A filing and all supporting information, except for protected health	
		information required to be kept confidential by state or federal statute	
		and except for descriptions of the amount and terms or conditions or	
		reimbursement in a contract between an insurer and a 3rd party, are	
		public records notwithstanding Title 1, section 402, subsection 3, paragraph B and become part of the official record of any hearing held	
		pursuant to subsection 2-B, paragraph B or F.	
		pursuant to subsection 2 D, puragraph D of 1.	
		C. Rates for small group health plans must be filed in accordance with	
		this section and subsections 2-B and 2-C for premium rates effective	
		on or after July 1, 2004, except that the filing of rates for small group	
		health plans are not required to account for any payment or any	
		recovery of that payment pursuant to subsection 2-B, paragraph D and	
		former section 6913 for rates effective before July 1, 2005.	

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	24-M.R.S.A. §2808-B(4)(A)	Carriers providing small group health plans must meet the following requirements on issuance and renewal.	
		A. Any small group health plan offered to any eligible group or subgroup must be offered to all eligible groups that meet the carrier's minimum participation requirements, which may not exceed 75%, to all eligible employees and their dependents in those groups. In determining compliance with minimum participation requirements, eligible employees and their dependents who have existing health care coverage may not be considered in the calculation. If an employee declines coverage because the employee has other coverage, any dependents of that employee who are not eligible under the employee's other coverage are eligible for coverage under the small group health plan.	
		PLEASE NOTE: Rates must be filed simultaneously with the forms. Forms submitted in advance of rates, will not be approved until rates have been filed, reviewed and approved. If forms are being revised and there is no effect on current rates, please indicate as in the filing cover letter.	
D 1 .	80160	indicate so in the filing cover letter.	
Rebates	<u>§2160</u>	Are there any provisions that give the insured a benefit not associated with indemnification or loss?"	
	82162 A	with indemnification of loss?	
	<u>§2163-A</u>	Yes	
	Bulletin 382		
	Dunctin 362	No	
Renewal of policy	24-A M.R.S.A. §2820	There shall be a provision stating the conditions for renewal.	
Representations in	24-A M.R.S.A.	There shall be a provision that all statements contained in any such	
Applications	<u>§2818</u>	application for insurance shall be deemed representations and not warranties.	
Third Party 10 Day	24-A M.R.S.A.	An insurer shall provide for notification of the insured person and	
Notice of	§2847-C	another person, if designated by the insured, prior to cancellation of a	
Cancellation Due to		health insurance policy for nonpayment of premium.	
Cognitive	<u>Rule 580</u>		

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Impairment or Functional Incapacity	Insurers must provide the following disclosure, notice and reinstatement rights:	
	1. Insured has the right to elect a third party to receive notice and that the insurer will send them a third party notice request form to make that selection.	
	2. Insured and designated individual will receive a 10 day notice of cancellation.	
	3. Insured has the right to reinstatement of the contract if the insured suffers from cognitive impairment or functional incapacity and the ground for cancellation was the insured's nonpayment of premium or other lapse or default on the part of the insured.	
	4. Notice that if a request for reinstatement of coverage because of cognitive impairment or functional incapacity is denied, notice of denial shall be provided to the insured and to the person making the request, if different. The notice of denial shall include notification of the 30 day period following receipt of the notice during which a hearing before the Superintendent may be requested.	
	FOR GROUP PLANS: Third Party Notice of Cancellation for group plans must be applied as follows:	
	1. If the entire cost of the insurance coverage is paid by the Policyholder, there is no requirement to send the Third Party Notice of Cancellation.	
	2. If the entire cost of the insurance coverage is paid by the Certificateholder and is direct billed, the insurer must include notification in the policy/certificate to advise the member of their rights.	
	3. If the entire cost of the insurance coverage is paid by the Certificateholder and is made via payroll deduction, then Rule 580, Sec. 5 (3) would apply and the insurer must include this notification in	

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		the policy/certificate to advise the member of their rights.	
		4. If a portion of the cost of the insurance coverage is paid by the Policyholder and the remainder is paid by the Certificateholder and is made via payroll deduction, then Rule 580, Sec. 5 (3) would apply and the insurer must include this notification in the policy/certificate to advise the member of their rights.	
		Therefore, please review Rule 580 and add the required language to the certificate.	
		Additionally, pursuant to Rule 580 Sec. 6(A)(7), the requirement may be satisfied by including the notice of reinstatement right in an application that is incorporated into the contract.	
Time for suits	24-A M.R.S.A.	There shall be a provision that from the date of issue of a policy no	
	<u>§2828</u>	misstatements, except fraudulent misstatements, made by the applicant	
		in the application for such policy shall be used to void the policy or to	
		deny a claim for loss incurred or disability, as defined in the policy,	
		commencing after the expiration of such 2-year period.	
ELIGIBILITY/ENR			
Child coverage	24-A M.R.S.A.	Defined as under 19 years of age and are children, stepchildren or	
	<u>§2833</u>	adopted children of, or children placed for adoption with the	
		policyholder, member or spouse of the policyholder or member, no	
		financial dependency requirement, court ordered coverage	
Children (Newborn)	24-A M.R.S.A.	Newborns are automatically covered under the plan from the moment	
Coverage	<u>§2834</u>	of birth for the first 31 days.	
Children of Unmarried	d 24-A M.R.S.A.	Coverage of children must be made available to unmarried women on	
Women	<u>§2832</u>	the same basis as married women.	
Dependent children	24-A M.R.S.A.	Requires health insurance policies to continue coverage for dependent	
with mental or	§2833-A	children up to the age at which coverage for students terminates under	
physical illness		the terms of the policy who are unable to maintain enrollment in	
		college due to mental or physical illness if they would otherwise	
		terminate coverage due to a requirement that dependent children of a	
		specified age be enrolled in college to maintain eligibility.	

Coverage for		A group health insurance policy that offers coverage for dependent	
Dependent Children	<u>§2833-B</u>	children must offer such coverage until the dependent child is 25 years	
Up to Age 25		of age. Pursuant to §2833-B the child must be unmarried, have no	
		dependent of their own, be a resident of Maine or be enrolled as a full-	
		time student, and not have coverage under any other health	
		policy/contract or federal or state government program.	
		An insurer shall provide notice to policyholders regarding the	
		availability of dependent coverage under this section upon each	
		renewal of coverage or at lease once annually, whichever occurs more	
		frequently. Notice provided under this subsection must include	
		information about enrolment periods and notice of the insurer's	
		definition of and benefit limitations for preexisting conditions.	
Dependent coverage	24-A M.R.S.A.	May not use residency as a requirement for dependents.	
	<u>§2809</u>		
Dependent special		Enrollment for qualifying events.	
enrollment period	<u>§2834-B</u>		
Domestic Partner	24-A M.R.S.A.	Coverage must be offered for domestic partners of individual	
Coverage	<u> </u>	policyholders or group members. This section establishes criteria	
		defining who is an eligible domestic partner.	
Extension of		A carrier offering a health plan subject to the requirements of the	
dependent coverage to	<u>§4320-B</u>	federal Affordable Care Act that provides dependent coverage of	
age 26		children shall continue to make such coverage available for an adult	
		child until the child turns 26 years of age, consistent with the federal	
		Affordable Care Act.	
		An insurer shall provide notice to policyholders regarding the	
		availability of dependent coverage under this section upon each	
		renewal of coverage or at least once annually, whichever occurs more	
		frequently. Notice provided under this subsection must include	
		information about enrolment periods and notice of the insurer's	
		definition of and benefit limitations for preexisting conditions.	
		Eligible children are defined based on their relationship with the	
		participant. Limiting eligibility is prohibited based on: financial	
		dependency on primary subscriber, residency, student status,	

		employment, eligibility for other coverage, marital status.	
		Terms of the policy for dependent coverage cannot vary based on the age of a child.	
Individual certificates	24-A M.R.S.A. §2821	There shall be a provision that the insurer shall issue to the policyholder, for delivery to each member of the insured group, an individual certificate or printed information setting forth in summary form a statement of the essential features of the insurance coverage of such employee or such member and in substance the provisions of sections 2821 to 2828. The insurer shall also provide for distribution by the policyholder to each member of the insured group a statement, where applicable, setting forth to whom the benefits under such policy are payable. If dependents are included in the coverage, only one certificate or printed summary need be issued for each family unit.	
CLAIMS & UTILIZA	ATION REVIEW	W	
Assignment of benefits	24-A M.R.S.A. §2827-A	All policies providing benefits for medical or dental care on an expense-incurred basis must contain a provision permitting the insured to assign benefits for such care to the provider of the care. An assignment of benefits under this section does not affect or limit the payment of benefits otherwise payable under the policy.	
Calculation of health benefits based on actual cost	24-A M.R.S.A. §2185	Policies must comply with the requirements of 24-A §2185 which requires calculation of health benefits based on actual cost. All health insurance policies, health maintenance organization plans and subscriber contracts or certificates of nonprofit hospital or medical service organizations with respect to which the insurer or organization has negotiated discounts with providers must provide for the calculation of all covered health benefits, including without limitation all coinsurance, deductibles and lifetime maximum benefits, on the basis of the net negotiated cost and must fully reflect any discounts or differentials from charges otherwise applicable to the services provided. With respect to policies or plans involving risk-sharing compensation arrangements, net negotiated costs may be calculated at the time services are rendered on the basis of reasonably anticipated compensation levels and are not subject to retrospective adjustment at	

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Credit toward Deductible 24-A M.R.S.A. \$2844(3)				
Deductible \$2844(3) health plan, payments made by the primary plan, payments made by the insured and payments made from a health savings account or similar fund for benefits covered under the secondary plan must be credited toward the deductible of the secondary plan. This subsection does not apply if the secondary plan is designed to supplement the primary plan. Examination, autopsy 24-A M.R.S.A.	C 1': 4 1	24 A M D C A		
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	Annual Aggregate			

Dollar Limits Prohibited		payment of any additional claims for coverage of health care services after a defined maximum aggregate dollar amount of claims for	
		coverage of health care services on an annual, lifetime or other basis	
		has been paid under the health plan for coverage of an insured	
		individual, family or group.	
		murraum, running of group.	
		A carrier may however offer a health plan that limits benefits under the	
		health plan for specified health care services on an annual basis.	
Limits on priority	24-A M.R.S.A.	Does this policy have subrogation provisions? If yes, see provisions	
liens/subrogation	<u>§2836</u>	below:	
8	<u>,,</u>		
		Subrogation requires prior written approval of the insured and allows	
		such payments only on a just and equitable basis and not on the basis	
		of a priority lien.	
Notice of claim	24-A M.R.S.A.	There shall be a provision that written notice of sickness or of injury	
	§2823	must be given to the insurer within 30 days after the date when such	
		sickness or injury occurred. Failure to give notice within such time	
		shall not invalidate nor reduce any claim, if it shall be shown not to	
		have been reasonably possible to give such notice and that notice was	
		given as soon as was reasonably possible.	
Payment of Claims	24-A M.R.S.A.	A claim for payment of benefits under a policy or certificate of	
	<u>§2436</u>	insurance delivered or issued for delivery in this State is payable	
		within 30 days after proof of loss is received by the insurer.	
Penalty for	24-A M.R.S.A.	May not have a penalty of more than \$500 for failure to provide	
noncompliance with	<u>§2847-D</u>	notification under a utilization review program.	
utilization review			
Protection from	<u>§4303-C</u>	In the event of a "surprise bill," a carrier shall reimburse an out-of-	
Surprise Bills		network provider at the average network rate under an enrollee's plan	
		unless the carrier and provider agree otherwise, and the enrollee is only	
		responsible for what he/she would have paid for a network	
		provider. Notwithstanding that requirement, if a carrier has an	
		inadequate network as determined by the superintendent, then the	
		carrier must ensure that the enrollee obtains the service at no greater	
		cost than if the service were obtained in-network, or make other	
		arrangements acceptable to the superintendent	

		A "surprise bill" is defined as a bill for health care services, other than emergency services, received by an enrollee for services rendered by an out-of-network provider at a network provider during a service or procedure performed by a network provider, or during a service or procedure previously approved or authorized by the carrier. A "surprise bill" does not include a bill for health care services received by an enrollee if a network provider was available and the enrollee knowingly elected to obtain the services from an out-of-network provider.	
UCR Definition, Required Disclosure,	24-A M.R.S.A. §4303(8)	The data used to determine this charge must be Maine specific and relative to the region where the claim was incurred.	
Protection from Balance Billing by Participating Providers	· ·	Maximum allowable charges. All policies, contracts and certificates executed, delivered and issued by a carrier under which the insured or enrollee may be subject to balance billing when charges exceed a maximum considered usual, customary and reasonable by the carrier or that contain contractual language of similar import must be subject to the following.	
		A. If benefits for covered services are limited to a maximum amount based on any combination of usual, customary and reasonable charges or other similar method, the carrier must:	
		(1) Clearly disclose that the insured or enrollee may be subject to balance billing as a result of claims adjustment; and	
		(2) Provide a toll-free number that an insured or enrollee may call prior to receiving services to determine the maximum allowable charge permitted by the carrier for a specified service.	
		Protection from balance billing by participating providers. An enrollee's responsibility for payment under a managed care plan must be limited as provided in this subsection.	
		A. The terms of a managed care plan must provide that the enrollee's responsibility for the cost of covered health care rendered by	

		participating providers is limited to the cost-sharing provisions expressly disclosed in the contract, such as deductibles, copayments and coinsurance, and that if the enrollee has paid the enrollee's share of the charge as specified in the plan, the carrier shall hold the enrollee harmless from any additional amount owed to a participating provider for covered health care.	
Utilization Review &	24-A M.R.S.A.	Initial determinations:	
Notice Requirements	§4304	Requests by a provider for prior authorization of a nonemergency	
for Health Benefit		service must be answered by a carrier within 2 business days.	
Determinations	§4303(16)		
		Both the provider and the enrollee on whose behalf the authorization	
		was requested must be notified by the carrier of its determination.	
		If the information submitted is insufficient to make a decision, the	
		carrier shall notify the provider within 2 business days of the additional	
		information necessary to render a decision.	
		·	
		If the carrier determines that outside consultation is necessary, the	
		carrier shall notify the provider and the enrollee for whom the service	
		was requested within 2 business days.	
		<u>Urgent care determinations</u> :	
		Determination (whether adverse or not) and notify the covered person	
		no later than 48 hours after receiving all necessary information.	
		Carrier or the carrier's designated URE shall make a good faith effort	
		to obtain all necessary information expeditiously, and is responsible for	
		expeditious retrieval of necessary information in the possession of a	
		person with whom the health carrier contracts.	
		Concurrent review determinations:	
		Determination shall be within 1 working day after obtaining all	
		necessary information.	
		Certification of Extended stay or additional services: Shall notify the	
		covered person and the provider rendering the service within 1	
		covered person and the provider rendering the service within I	

working day. Written notification shall include the number of extended days or next review date, the new total number of days or services approved, and the date of admission or initiation of services.

Adverse benefit determination of concurrent review the carrier shall: Notify the covered person and the provider rendering the service within 1 working day. Continue the service without liability to the covered person until the covered person has been notified of the determination

<u>Utilization Review Disclosure Requirements</u>

The carrier shall include a clear and reasonably comprehensive description of its utilization review procedures, including:

- Procedures for obtaining review of adverse benefit determinations:
- A Statement of rights and responsibilities of covered persons with respect to those procedures in the certificate of coverage or member handbook;
 - The statement of rights shall disclose the member's right to request in writing and receive copies of any clinical review criteria utilized in arriving at anyadverse health care treatment decision.
- Carrier shall include a summary of its utilization review procedures in materials intended for prospective covered persons;
- Carriers requiring enrollees to initiate utilization review provide on its membership cards a toll-free telephone number to call for utilization review decisions.

All notices to applicants, enrollees and policyholders or certificate holders subject to the requirements of the federal Affordable Care Act must be provided in a culturally and linguistically appropriate manner consistent with the requirements of the federal Affordable Care Act.

		Notices advising enrollees that services have been determined to be medically necessary must also advise whether the service is covered.	
		Once a service has been approved, the approval cannot be withdrawn	
		retrospectively unless fraudulent or materially incorrect information	
		was provided at the time prior approval was granted.	
		Also, if benefits are denied and the enrollee appeals, the carrier cannot	
		deny the appeal without a written explanation addressing the issues	
		that were raised by the enrollee.	
GRIEVANCES & AP	PEALS		
Evitamal marriagy	24 A M D C A	An annulled is not required to exhaust all levels of a permism's intermal	
External review		An enrollee is not required to exhaust all levels of a carrier's internal	
requests	<u>§4312</u>	grievance procedure before filing a request for external review if the	
	D 1 050	carrier has failed to make a decision on an internal grievance within the	
	Rule 850	time period required, or has otherwise failed to adhere to all the	
		requirements applicable to the appeal pursuant to state and federal law,	
		or the enrollee has applied for expedited external review at the same	
		time as applying for an expedited internal appeal. Claimant must have	
		at least 1 year to file for external review after receipt of the notice of	
		adverse benefit determination.	
Grievance and appeals	24-A M.R.S.A.	The policy must contain the procedure to follow if an insured wishes to	
procedures	§4303(4)	file a grievance regarding policy provisions or denial of benefits.	
		Specifically describe grievance & appeal procedures required in the	
	Rule 850	contract, as well as the required available external review procedures.	
	Sec. 8 & 9	,	
		All policies must contain all grievance and appeal procedures as	
		referenced in Rule 850:	
		35 55	
		First Level Appeals of Adverse Health Care Treatment Decisions:	
		Carrier must allow the covered person to review the claim file and	
		to present evidence and testimony as part of the internal appeals	
		process.	

- Carrier must provide the covered person, free of charge, with any new or additional evidence considered, relied upon, or generated by the carrier (or at the direction of the carrier) in connection with the claim; such evidence must be provided as soon as possible and sufficiently in advance of the decision to give the covered person a reasonable opportunity to respond.
- Before a carrier can issue a final internal adverse benefit determination based on a new or additional rationale, the covered person must be provided with the rationale, free of charge, sufficiently in advance of the decision to give the covered person a reasonable opportunity to respond.
- The carrier must provide the covered person the name, address, and telephone number of a person designated to coordinate the appeal on behalf of the health carrier.
- The carrier must make the rights in this subparagraph known to the covered person within 3 working days after receiving an appeal.
- Appeals shall be evaluated by an appropriate clinical peer or peers.
 - The clinical peer/s shall not have been involved in the initial adverse determination, unless the appeal presents additional information the decision maker was unaware of at the time of rendering the initial adverse health care treatment decision.
 - The clinical peer may not be a subordinate of a clinical peer involved in the prior decision.

Standard appeals:

- Shall notify in writing both the covered person and the attending or ordering provider of the decision within 30 days following the request for an appeal.
- Additional time is permitted where the carrier can establish the 30-day time frame cannot reasonably be met due to the carrier's inability to obtain necessary information from a person or entity not affiliated with or under contract with the carrier.
 - Shall provide written notice of the delay to the covered person and the attending or ordering provider.

• The notice shall explain the reasons for the delay. In such instances, decisions must be issued within 30 days after the carrier's or designee's receipt of all necessary information.

Expedited Appeals:

- Expedited appeals shall be evaluated by an appropriate clinical peer or peers.
 - The clinical peer/s shall not have been involved in the initial adverse health care treatment decision.
 - The clinical peer may not be a subordinate of a clinical peer involved in the prior decision.
- Shall provide expedited review to all requests concerning an admission, availability of care, continued stay or health care service for a covered person who has received emergency services but has not been discharged from a facility.
- Shall transmit all necessary information between the carrier or the carrier's designated URE and the covered person or the provider by telephone, facsimile, electronic means or the most expeditious method available.
- Shall make a decision and notify the covered person and the provider via telephone within 72 hours after the review is initiated.
- If the initial notification was not in writing, the carrier shall provide written confirmation of its decision concerning an expedited review within 2 working days.
- An adverse decision shall contain the notice requirements of an adverse health care treatment decision as set forth in Rule 850(G)(1)(c).
- Expedited reviews are not required for Retrospective Adverse Health Care Treatment Decisions.
- Expedited review of Concurrent Review Determination of emergency services or of an initially authorized admission or course of treatment, the service shall be continued without liability to the covered person until the covered person has been notified of the decision.

An Adverse Health Care Treatment Decision Notice shall include:

- The principal reason or reasons for the decision;
- Reference to the specific plan provisions on which the decision is based;
- Information sufficient to identify the claim involved (including the date of service, the health care provider, and the claim amount if applicable), and a statement that the diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning, will be provided upon request;
- A description of any additional material or information necessary for the covered person to perfect the
- claim and an explanation as to why such material or information is necessary;
- The instructions and time limits for initiating an appeal or reconsideration of the decision;
- If the adverse health care treatment decision is based on a medical necessity or experimental treatment or similar exclusion or limit, provide either:
 - An explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the decision, applying the terms of the plan to the claimant's medical circumstances.
 - Or a statement that such an explanation will be provided free of charge upon request;
- What criterion was relied upon in making the adverse health care treatment decision, provide either:
 - The specific rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion, or
 - o A statement referring to the rule, guideline, protocol, or
 - Other similar criterion that was relied upon in making the adverse decision; and
 - Explain that a copy will be provided free of charge to the covered person upon request;
- Phone number the covered person may call for information on and assistance with initiating an appeal or reconsideration and/or requesting clinical rationale and review criteria;

- Description of the expedited review process applicable to claims involving urgent care;
- Availability of any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman
- established under the federal Affordable Care Act;
- Notice of the right to file a complaint with the Bureau of Insurance after exhausting any appeals under a carrier's internal review process. In addition, an explanation of benefits (EOB) must comply with the requirements of 24-A M.R.S.A. §4303(13) and any rules adopted pursuant thereto; and
- Any other information required pursuant to the federal Affordable Care Act.
- The carrier or the carrier's designated URE shall respond expeditiously to requests for information.

Second Level Appeals of Adverse Health Care Treatment Decisions:

- Shall provide the opportunity for a second level appeal to covered persons who are dissatisfied with a first level appeal decision.
- Persons covered under individual health insurance plans must be notified of the right to request an external review without exhausting the carrier's second level appeal process.
 - The same notice may be given to persons covered under group plans if the carrier permits them to bypass the second level of appeal.
- The carrier shall appoint a panel for each second level appeal, which shall include one or more panelists who are disinterested clinical peers.
- A second level appeal decision adverse to the covered person must have the concurrence of a majority of the disinterested clinical peers on the panel.
- If the covered person has requested to appear in person the procedures for conducting a second level panel review shall include the following:

- The review panel shall schedule and hold a review meeting within 45 days after receiving a request from a covered person for a second level review.
 - The review meeting shall be held during regular business hours at a location reasonably accessible to the covered person.
 - The health carrier shall offer the covered person the opportunity to communicate with the review panel, at the health carrier's expense, by conference call, video conferencing, or other appropriate technology.
 - The covered person shall be notified in writing at least 15 days in advance of the review date.
 - The health carrier shall not unreasonably deny a request for postponement of the review made by a covered person.
- Upon the request of a covered person, a health carrier shall provide to the covered person all relevant information that is not confidential and privileged from disclosure to the covered person.
- A covered person has the right to:
 - o Attend the second level review;
 - o Present his or her case to the review panel;
 - Submit supporting material both before and at the review meeting;
 - o Ask questions of any representative of the health carrier;
 - o Be assisted or represented by a person of his or her choice; and
 - Obtain his or her medical file and information relevant to the appeal free of charge upon request.
- If the insurer will have an attorney present to argue its case against the covered person:
 - The carrier shall so notify the covered person at least 15 days in advance of the review, and
 - Advise the covered person of his or her right to obtain legal representation.
- The covered person's right to a fair review shall not be made conditional on the covered person's appearance at the review.
- The review panel shall:

- Issue a written decision to the covered person within 5 working days after completing the review meeting.
- A decision adverse to the covered person shall include the requirements set forth in Rule 850 subparagraph 8(G)(1)(c).

An Adverse Health Care Treatment Appeal Decision shall contain:

- The names, titles and qualifying credentials of the person or persons evaluating the appeal;
- A statement of the reviewers' understanding of the reason for the covered person's request for an appeal;
- Reference to the specific plan provisions upon which the decision is based;
- The reviewers' decision in clear terms and the clinical rationale in sufficient detail for the covered person to respond further to the health carrier's position;
- A reference to the evidence or documentation used as the basis for the decision, including the clinical review criteria used to make the determination.
 - The decision shall include instructions for requesting copies, free of charge, of information relevant to the claim, including any referenced evidence, documentation or clinical review criteria not previously provided to the covered person.
 - Where a covered person had previously submitted a written request for the clinical review criteria relied upon by the health carrier or the carrier's designated URE in rendering its initial adverse decision, the decision shall include copies of any additional clinical review criteria utilized in arriving at the decision.
- The criterion that was relied upon in making the adverse health care treatment decision, provide either:
 - The specific rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion; or a statement referring to the rule, guideline, protocol, or
 - Other similar criterion that was relied upon in making the adverse decision;

- Explain that a copy will be provided free of charge to the covered person upon request.
- Notice of any subsequent appeal rights, and the procedure and time limitation for exercising those rights:
 - o Notice of external review rights must be provided to the enrollee as required by 24-A M.R.S.A. §4312(3).
 - A description of the process for submitting a written request for second level appeal must include the rights specified in Rule 850 subsection G-1.
- Notice of the availability of any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under the federal Affordable Care Act.
- Notice of the covered person's right to contact the Superintendent's office. The notice shall contain the toll free telephone number, website address, and mailing address of the Bureau of Insurance.
 Any other information required pursuant to the federal Affordable Care Act.

Adverse Benefit Determinations not Involving Adverse Health Care Treatment Decisions

Notice of Adverse Benefit Determinations not Involving Health Care Treatment Decisions:

- Any adverse benefit determination that does not involve medical issues, the carrier shall provide written notice that includes:
- Principal reason or reasons for the determination;
- Reference to the specific plan provisions on which the determination is based;
- Information sufficient to identify the claim involved (including the date of service, the health care provider, and the claim amount if applicable), and
 - A statement that the diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning, will be provided upon request;

- Description of any additional material or information necessary for the covered person to perfect the claim and an explanation as to why such material or information is necessary;
- Instructions and time limits for initiating an appeal or reconsideration of the determination;
- Notice of the right to file a complaint with the Bureau of Insurance after exhausting any appeals under a carrier's internal review process. In addition, an explanation of benefits (EOB) must comply with the requirements of 24-A M.R.S.A. §4303(13) and any rules adopted pursuant thereto.
- Provide the criterion that was relied upon in making the adverse benefit determination, either the specific rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion; or a statement referring to the rule, guideline, protocol and explain that a copy will be provided free of charge to the covered person upon request;
- Phone number the covered person may call for information on and assistance with initiating an appeal or reconsideration or requesting review criteria;
- Description of the expedited review process applicable to claims involving urgent care;
- Availability of any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under the federal Affordable Care Act; and
- Any other information required pursuant to the federal Affordable Care Act.

First Level Review of Adverse Benefit Determinations not Involving Health Care Treatment Decisions:

- A grievance concerning any matter may be submitted by a covered person or a covered person's representative.
- The carrier shall make these rights known to the covered person within 3 working days after receiving a grievance.
 - The health carrier shall provide the covered person the name, address and telephone number of a person designated to coordinate the grievance review on behalf of the health carrier.

- A covered person does not have the right to attend, or to have a representative in attendance, at the first level grievance review, but is entitled to submit written material to the reviewer.
- The person or persons reviewing the grievance shall not be the same person or persons who made the initial determination denying a claim or handling the matter that is the subject of the grievance.
- Carrier shall issue a written decision to the covered person within 30 days after receiving a grievance.
 - Additional time is permitted where the carrier can establish the 30-day time frame cannot reasonably be met due to the carrier's inability to obtain necessary information from a person or entity not affiliated with or under contract with the carrier.
 - The carrier shall provide written notice of the delay to the covered person. The notice shall explain the reasons for the delay.
 - o In such instances, decisions must be issued within 30 days after the carrier's receipt of all necessary information.

An Adverse Benefit Determination Decision Notice shall contain:

- The names, titles and qualifying credentials of the person or persons participating in the first level grievance review process.
- Statement of the reviewers' understanding of the covered person's grievance and all pertinent facts.
- Reference to the specific plan provisions on which the benefit determination is based.
- The reviewers' decision in clear terms, including the specific reason or reasons for the adverse benefit determination.
- Reference to the evidence or documentation used as the basis for the decision.
- The decision shall include instructions for requesting copies, free of charge, of all documents, records and other information relevant to the claim, including any referenced evidence or documentation not previously provided to the covered person.

- What criterion was relied upon in making the adverse benefit determination, provide either:
 - The specific rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion, or
 - O A statement referring to the rule, guideline, protocol, or
 - Other similar criterion that was relied upon in making the adverse determination; and
 - Explain that a copy will be provided free of charge to the covered person upon request;
- Description of the process to obtain a second level grievance review of a decision, the procedures and time frames governing a second level grievance review, and the rights specified in subparagraph C(3)(c).
- Notice to the enrollee describing any subsequent external review rights, if required by 24-A M.R.S.A. §4312(3).
- Notice of the availability of any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under the federal Affordable Care Act.
- Notice of the covered person's right to contact the Superintendent's office. The notice shall contain the toll free telephone number, website address, and mailing address of the Bureau of Insurance.
- Any other information required pursuant to the federal Affordable Care Act.

Second Level Review of Adverse Benefit Determinations not Involving Health Care Treatment Decisions:

- The carrier shall provide a second level grievance review process to covered persons who are dissatisfied with a first level grievance review determination under subsection B.
- The covered person has the right to appear in person before authorized representatives of the health carrier, and shall be provided adequate notice of that option by the carrier.
- The carrier shall appoint a second level grievance review panel for each grievance subject to review under this subsection. A majority

- of the panel shall consist of employees or representatives of the health carrier who were not previously involved in the grievance.
- Whenever a covered person has requested the opportunity to appear in person before authorized representatives of the health carrier, a health carrier's procedures for conducting a second level panel review shall include the following:
 - The review panel shall schedule and hold a review meeting within 45 days after receiving a request from a covered person for a second level review.
 - The review meeting shall be held during regular business hours at a location reasonably accessible to the covered person.
 - The carrier shall offer the covered person the opportunity to communicate with the review panel, at the health carrier's expense, by conference call, video conferencing, or other appropriate technology.
 - The covered person shall be notified in writing at least 15 days in advance of the review date. The health carrier shall not unreasonably deny a request for postponement of the review made by a covered person.
- Upon the request of a covered person, a health carrier shall provide to the covered person, free of charge, all relevant information that is not confidential and privileged from disclosure to the covered person.
- A covered person has the right to:
 - o Attend the second level review;
 - o Present his or her case to the review panel;
 - Submit supporting material both before and at the review meeting;
 - o Ask questions of any representative of the health carrier; and
 - o Be assisted or represented by a person of his or her choice.
- If the carrier will have an attorney present to argue its case against the covered person, the carrier shall so notify the covered person at least 15 days in advance of the review, and shall advise the covered person of his or her right to obtain legal representation.
- The covered person's right to a fair review shall not be made conditional on the covered person's appearance at the review.

		The review panel shall issue a written decision to the covered person within 5 working days after completing the review meeting. A decision adverse to the covered person shall include the information specified in Rule 850 subparagraph B(2)(b).	
Right to waive the right to a second level appeal/grievance	24-A M.R.S.A. §4312	Enrollees have the right to waive the right to a second level appeal/grievance and request an external review after the first level appeal decision.	
Timeline for second level grievance review decisions	24-A M.R.S.A. §4303(4) Rule 850	Decisions for second level grievance reviews must be issued within 30 calendar days. If the insured has requested to appear in person before authorized representatives of the health carrier the decision must be issued within 45 calendar days.	
PROVIDERS/NETW	ORKS		
Acupuncture services	24-A M.R.S.A. §2837-B	Benefits must be made available for the services of acupuncturist if comparable services would be covered if performed by a physician.	
Certified nurse practitioners and certified nurse midwifes (aka: Advanced Practice Registered Nurse)	24-A M.R.S.A. §2847-H	Coverage of nurse practitioners and nurse midwives and allows nurse practitioners to serve as primary care providers.	
Chiropractic Services	24-A M.R.S.A. §2840-A	Provide benefits for care by chiropractors at least equal to benefit paid to other providers treating similar neuro-musculoskeletal conditions. Therapeutic, adjustive and manipulative services shall be covered whether performed by an allopathic, osteopathic or chiropractic doctor.	
Clinical professional counselors	24-A M.R.S.A. §2835	Must include benefits for licensed clinical professional counselor services to the extent that the same services would be covered if performed by a physician.	
Dentists (except for HMO's)	24-A M.R.S.A. §2437	Must include benefits for dentists' services to the extent that the same services would be covered if performed by a physician.	
Enrollee choice of PCP	24-A M.R.S.A. §4306	A carrier offering or renewing a managed care plan shall allow enrollees to choose their own primary care providers, as allowed under the managed care plan's rules, from among the panel of participating providers made available to enrollees under the managed care plan's	

		rules. A carrier shall allow physicians, including, but not limited to,	
		pediatricians and physicians who specialize in obstetrics and	
		gynecology, and certified nurse practitioners who have been approved	
		by the State Board of Nursing to practice advanced practice registered	
		nursing without the supervision of a physician pursuant to <u>Title 32</u> ,	
		section 2102, subsection 2-A to serve as primary care providers for	
		managed care plans.	
Essential Health Care	Rule 850(7)	Benefits must be made available for outpatient health care services of	
Providers (Rural health	1	certified rural health clinics.	
clinics)			
Independent Practice	24-A M.R.S.A.	Coverage must be provided for dental services performed by a licensed	
Dental Hygienists	<u>§2847-Q</u>	independent practice dental hygienist when those services are covered	
		services under the contract and when they are within the lawful scope	
		of practice of the independent practice dental hygienist.	
Network adequacy	24-A M.R.S.A.	All managed care arrangements except MEWA's must be filed for	
	<u>§2673-A</u>	adequacy and compliance with Rule 850 and Rule 360 access	
		standards.	
	<u>§4303(1)</u>		
		If the policy uses a network, the network(s) need to have been	
	Rule 850(7)	approved by the Bureau for adequacy and access standards (i.e.	
		physician, hospital, and ancillary service networks).	
	Rule 360		
		Must provide a copy of network approval.	
Optional coverage for		Benefits must be made available for the services of optometrists if the	
optometric services	<u>§2841</u>	same services would be covered if performed by a physician.	
Pastoral counselors	24-A M.R.S.A.	Must include benefits for licensed pastoral counselors and marriage	
and marriage and	<u>§2835</u>	and family therapists for mental health services to the extent that the	
family therapists		same services would be covered if performed by a physician.	
Pharmacy Providers –	24-A M.R.S.A.	A carrier that provides coverage for prescription drugs as part of a	
"Any Willing	<u>§4317</u>	health plan may not refuse to contract with a pharmacy provider that is	
Pharmacy"		qualified and is willing to meet the terms and conditions of the carrier's	
		criteria for pharmacy participation as stipulated in the carrier's	
		contractual agreement with its pharmacy providers.	
PPOs – Payment for	24-A M.R.S.A.	The benefit level differential between services rendered by preferred	
Non-preferred	§2677-A(2)	providers and non-preferred providers may not exceed 20% of the	
Providers		allowable charge for the service rendered.	

Provider directories		Pursuant to 24-A M.R.S. § 4303-D:		
	<u>§4303-D</u>			
		1. Requirement. A carrier shall make available provider directories in		
		accordance with this section.		
		A. A carrier shall post electronically a current and accurate provider		
		directory for each of its network plans with the information and search		
		functions described in subsection 2. In making the directory available		
		electronically, the carrier shall ensure that the general public is able to		
		view all of the current providers for a plan through a clearly		
		identifiable link or tab and without creating or accessing an account or		
		entering a policy or contract number.		
		B. A carrier shall update each provider directory at least monthly. The		
		carrier shall periodically audit at least a reasonable sample size of its		
		provider directories for accuracy and retain documentation of such an		
		audit to be made available to the superintendent upon request.		
		C. A carrier shall provide a print copy, or a print copy of the requested		
		directory information, of a current provider directory with the		
		information described in subsection 2 upon request of a covered person		
		or a prospective covered person.		
		D. For each network plan, a carrier shall include in plain language in		
		both the electronic and print directories the following general		
		information:		
		(1) A description of the criteria the carrier has used to build its		
		provider network;		
		(2) If applicable, a description of the criteria the carrier has used to tier providers;		
		(3) If applicable, how the carrier designates the different provider tiers		
		or levels in the network and identifies for each specific provider,		
		hospital or other type of facility in the network the tier in which each is		
		placed, whether by name, symbols, grouping or another designation, so		
		that a covered person or a prospective covered person is able to		
		identify the provider tier; and		
		(4) If applicable, that authorization or referral may be required to		
		access some providers.		
	1		1	

- E. A carrier shall make clear in both its electronic and print directories which provider directory applies to which network plan by including the specific name of the network plan as marketed and issued in this State. The carrier shall include in both its electronic and print directories a customer service e-mail address and telephone number or electronic link that covered persons or the general public may use to notify the carrier of inaccurate provider directory information.
- F. For the information required pursuant to subsections 2, 3 and 4 in a provider directory pertaining to a health care professional, a hospital or a facility other than a hospital, a carrier shall make available through the directory the source of the information and any limitations on the information, if applicable.
- G. A provider directory, whether in electronic or print format, must accommodate the communication needs of individuals with disabilities and include a link to or information regarding available assistance for persons with limited English proficiency.
- **2. Information in searchable format.** A carrier shall make available through an electronic provider directory, for each network plan, the information under this subsection in a searchable format:
- A. For health care professionals:
- (1) The health care professional's name;
- (2) The health care professional's gender;
- (3) The participating office location or locations;
- (4) The health care professional's specialty, if applicable;
- (5) Medical group affiliations, if applicable;
- (6) Facility affiliations, if applicable;
- (7) Participating facility affiliations, if applicable;
- (8) Languages other than English spoken by the health care professional, if applicable; and
- (9) Whether the health care professional is accepting new patients;
- B. For hospitals:

(1) The hospital's name;	
(2) The hospital's type;	
(3) Participating hospital location; and	
(4) The hospital's accreditation status.	
C. For facilities, other than hospitals, by type:	
(1) The facility's name;	
(2) The facility's type;	
(3) Types of services performed; and	
(4) Participating facility location or locations.	
(1) I underputing facility focution of focutions.	
3. Additional information. In the electronic provider directories for	
each network plan, a carrier shall make available the following	
information in addition to all of the information available under	
subsection 2:	
subsection 2.	
A. For health care professionals:	
(1) Contact information;	
(2) Board certifications; and	
(3) Languages other than English spoken by clinical staff, if	
applicable;	
B. For hospitals, the telephone number; and	
B. For hospitals, the telephone number, and	
C. For facilities other than hospitals, the telephone number	
C. For facilities other than hospitals, the telephone number	
4. Information available in printed form. A carrier shall make	
available in print, upon request, the following provider directory	
information for the applicable network plan:	
information for the applicable network plan.	
A. For health care professionals:	
(1) The health care professional's name; (2) The health care professional's contact information:	
(2) The health care professional's contact information; (3) Participating office leastion or leastions:	
(3) Participating office location or locations;	
(4) The health care professional's specialty, if applicable;	
(5) Languages other than English spoken by the health care	
professional, if applicable; and	
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		(6) Whether the health care professional is accepting new patients;	
		B. For hospitals: (1) The hospital's name; (2) The hospital's type; and (3) Participating hospital location and telephone number; and	
		C. For facilities, other than hospitals, by type: (1) The facility's name;	
		(2) The facility's type; (3) Types of services performed; and	
		(4) Participating facility location and telephone number.	
		The carrier shall include a disclosure in the directory that the	
		information included in the directory is accurate as of the date of printing and that covered persons or prospective covered persons	
		should consult the carrier's electronic provider directory on its website	
Psychologists' services	24-A M.R.S.A. §2835	to obtain current provider directory information. Must include benefits for psychologists' services to the extent that the	1
Registered nurse first		same services would be covered if performed by a physician. Benefits must be provided for coverage for surgical first assisting	
assistants	§2847-I	benefits or services shall provide coverage and payment under those	1
		contracts to a registered nurse first assistant who performs services that	
		are within the scope of a registered nurse first assistant's qualifications.	
Social	24-A M.R.S.A.	Benefits must be included for the services of social workers and	
workers/Psychiatric	<u>§2835</u>	psychiatric nurses to the extent that the same services would be	
nurses		covered if performed by a physician.	

MANDATED BENEFITS/SERVICES: Carriers must include all state mandates listed below when providing coverage of deductible, copay or coinsurance, unless they are services covered fully by Medicare or are state mandates that require coverage in excess of Medicare. Carriers must confirm that the group policy level of benefits and/or Medicare level of benefits, is equal to or exceeds the state mandated benefits listed in this checklist.

consideration as an excepted benefit under the ACA (42 U.S.C.S. § 300gg-91 (c)(4) "coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code and similar supplemental insurance; see federal FAB 2007-04) does not exempt these policies from state mandates.							
Carriers must also provide an explanation as to why certain benefits are not being covered in the space provided (e.g., do not provide dependent coverage, do not provide dental, no RX coverage unless group purchases, etc.).							
Abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug products	24-A M.R.S.A. §4320-J	A carrier offering a health plan in this State shall provide coverage for abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug products listed on any formulary, preferred drug list or other list of drugs used by the carrier on a basis not less favorable than that for opioid analgesic drug products that are not abuse-deterrent and are covered by the health plan. An increase in enrollee cost sharing to achieve compliance with this section may not be implemented. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. A. "Abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug product" means a brand or generic opioid analgesic drug product approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration with abuse-deterrent labeling claims that indicate the drug product is expected to result in a meaningful reduction in abuse. B. "Cost sharing" means any coverage limit, copayment, coinsurance, deductible or other out-of-pocket expense associated with a health plan. C. "Opioid analgesic drug product" means a drug product in the opioid analgesic drug class prescribed to treat moderate to severe pain or other conditions, whether in immediate release or extended release, longacting form and whether or not combined with other drug substances to form a single drug product or dosage form.					
Anesthesia for Dentistry	24-A M.R.S.A. §2847-K	Anesthesia & associated facility charges for dental procedures are mandated benefits for certain vulnerable persons.					
Autism Spectrum Disorders	24-A M.R.S.A. §2847-T	All group health insurance policies, contracts and certificates must provide coverage for autism spectrum disorders for an individual					

covered under a policy, contract or certificate in accordance with the following.

- **1. Definitions.** As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
- A. "Applied behavior analysis" means the design, implementation and evaluation of environmental modifications using behavioral stimuli and consequences to produce socially significant improvement in human behavior, including the use of direct observation, measurement and functional analysis of the relations between environment and behavior.
- B. "Autism spectrum disorders" means any of the pervasive developmental disorders as defined by the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 4th edition, published by the American Psychiatric Association, including autistic disorder, Asperger's disorder and pervasive developmental disorder not otherwise specified.
- C. "Treatment of autism spectrum disorders" includes the following types of care prescribed, provided or ordered for an individual diagnosed with an autism spectrum disorder:
- (1) Habilitative or rehabilitative services, including applied behavior analysis or other professional or counseling services necessary to develop, maintain and restore the functioning of an individual to the extent possible. To be eligible for coverage, applied behavior analysis must be provided by a person professionally certified by a national board of behavior analysts or performed under the supervision of a person professionally certified by a national board of behavior analysts;
- (2) Counseling services provided by a licensed psychiatrist, psychologist, clinical professional counselor or clinical social worker; and
- (3) Therapy services provided by a licensed or certified speech therapist, occupational therapist or physical therapist.

2. Required Coverage.

A. The policy, contract or certificate must provide coverage for any assessments, evaluations or tests by a licensed physician or

		licensed psychologist to diagnose whether an individual has an autism spectrum disorder. B. The policy, contract or certificate must provide coverage for the treatment of autism spectrum disorders when it is determined by a licensed physician or licensed psychologist that the treatment is medically necessary. C. The policy, contract or certificate may limit coverage for applied behavior analysis to the actuarial equivalent of \$36,000 worth of visits/services per year. An insurer may not apply payments for coverage unrelated to autism spectrum disorders to any maximum benefit established under this paragraph. D. Coverage for prescription drugs for the treatment of autism spectrum disorders must be determined in the same manner as coverage for prescription drugs for the treatment of any other illness or condition. If visits/services are limited it must be actuarially equivalent to \$36,000 and you must provide actuarial justification with the	
Draget garage	24 A M D C A	filing. Must provide according for reconstruction of both broads to produce	
Breast cancer	§2837-C	Must provide coverage for reconstruction of both breasts to produce symmetrical appearance according to patient and physician wishes.	
treatment Breast reduction and			
		Coverage must be offered for breast reduction surgery and	
symptomatic varicose	<u>§2847-L</u>	symptomatic varicose vein surgery determined to be medically	
vein surgery	24 A M D C A	necessary. Must provide election have physical thousant accounting the graph.	
Chiropractic		Must provide clarification how physical therapy, occupational therapy	
Services/Manipulative	<u>§2748</u>	and osteopathic benefits are applied when chiropractic services are provided.	
Therapy Clinical Trials	24 A M D C A	Provide access to clinical trials pursuant to:	
Cillical IIIais	\$4310	1 Tovide access to clinical utals pursuant to.	
	84210	1. Qualified enrollee. An enrollee is eligible for coverage for	
		participation in an approved clinical trial if the enrollee meets the	
		following conditions:	
		2010 1110 201101101	
		A. The enrollee has a life-threatening illness for which no standard	
		treatment is effective;	
		B. The enrollee is eligible to participate according to the clinical trial	
		protocol with respect to treatment of such illness;	

- C. The enrollee's participation in the trial offers meaningful potential for significant clinical benefit to the enrollee; and
- D. The enrollee's referring physician has concluded that the enrollee's participation in such a trial would be appropriate based upon the satisfaction of the conditions in paragraphs A, B and C.
- 2. Coverage. A carrier may not deny a qualified enrollee participation in an approved clinical trial or deny, limit or impose additional conditions on the coverage of routine patient costs for items and services furnished in connection with participation in the clinical trial. For the purposes of this section, "routine patient costs" does not include the costs of the tests or measurements conducted primarily for the purpose of the clinical trial involved.
- 3. Payment. A carrier shall provide payment for routine patient costs but is not required to pay for costs of items and services that are reasonably expected to be paid for by the sponsors of an approved clinical trial. In the case of covered items and services, the carrier shall pay participating providers at the agreed upon rate and pay nonparticipating providers at the same rate the carrier would pay for comparable services performed by participating providers.
- 4. Approved clinical trial. For the purposes of this section, "approved clinical trial" means a clinical research study or clinical investigation approved and funded by the federal Department of Health and Human Services, National Institutes of Health or a cooperative group or center of the National Institutes of Health.
- 5. Application. The requirements of this section apply to all individual and group policies, contracts and certificates executed, delivered, issued for delivery, continued or renewed in this State. For purposes of this section, all contracts are deemed to be renewed no later than the next yearly anniversary of the contract date.

A non-grandfathered health plan may not discriminate on the basis of participation in a clinical trial and must cover routine patient costs of

		individuals in clinical trials for treatment of cancer or other life- threatening conditions.	
Colorectal Cancer	24 A M D S A	Coverage must be provided for colorectal cancer screening (including	
Screening	<u>\$2847-N</u>	colonoscopies if recommended by a health care provider as the	
Screening	<u>92047-1N</u>	<u>*</u>	
	24 A M D C A	colorectal cancer screening test) for asymptomatic individuals who are	
		fifty years of age or older; or less than 50 years of age and at high risk	
	<u>§4309-A</u>	for colorectal cancer.	
	<u>§4320-A</u>	If a colonoscopy is recommended as the colorectal cancer screening	
		and a lesion is discovered and removed during the colonoscopy	
		benefits must be paid for the screening colonoscopy as the primary	
		procedure.	
		Must clearly disclose preventive screenings vs diagnostic services.	
Continuity of	24-A M.R.S.A.	If an enrollee has been undergoing a course of treatment with a	
Prescription Drugs	§4303(7)(A)	prescription drug by prior authorization of a carrier and the enrollee's	
		coverage with one carrier is replaced with coverage from another	
		carrier pursuant to section 2849-B, the replacement carrier shall honor	
		the prior authorization for that prescription drug and provide coverage	
		in the same manner as the previous carrier until the replacement carrier	
		conducts a review of the prior authorization for that prescription drug	
		with the enrollee's prescribing provider. Policies must include a notice	
		of the carrier's right to request a review with the enrollee's provider,	
		and the replacing carrier must honor the prior carrier's authorization	
		for a period not to exceed 6 months if the enrollee's provider	
		participates in the review and requests the prior authorization be	
		continued. The replacing carrier is not required to provide benefits for	
		conditions or services not otherwise covered under the replacement	
		policy, and cost sharing may be based on the copayments and	
		coinsurance requirements of the replacement policy.	
Contraceptives	24-A M.R.S.A.	All contracts that provide coverage for prescription drugs or outpatient	
	<u>§2847-G</u>	medical services must provide coverage for all prescription	
		contraceptives or for outpatient contraceptive services, respectively, to	
	<u>§4320-A</u>	the same extent that coverage is provided for other prescription drugs	
		or outpatient medical services.	

	24-A M.R.S.A. §2847-G(4)	Coverage required under this section must include coverage for contraceptive supplies in accordance with the following requirements. For purposes of this section, "contraceptive supplies" means all contraceptive drugs, devices and products approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration to prevent an unwanted pregnancy.	
		A. Coverage must be provided without any deductible, coinsurance, copayment or other cost-sharing requirement for at least one contraceptive supply within each method of contraception that is identified by the federal Food and Drug Administration to prevent an unwanted pregnancy and prescribed by a health care provider.	
		B. If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive supply within a contraceptive method approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration, an insurer may provide coverage for more than one contraceptive supply and may impose cost-sharing requirements as long as at least one contraceptive supply within that method is available without cost sharing.	
		C. If an individual's health care provider recommends a particular contraceptive supply approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for the individual based on a determination of medical necessity, the insurer shall defer to the provider's determination and judgment and shall provide coverage without cost sharing for the prescribed contraceptive supply.	
		D. Coverage must be provided for the furnishing or dispensing of prescribed contraceptive supplies intended to last for a 12-month period, which may be furnished or dispensed all at once or over the course of the 12 months at the discretion of the health care provider.	
Coverage for breast	21-Δ M R S Δ	Must provide coverage for reconstruction of both breasts to produce	
cancer treatment	§2837-C	symmetrical appearance according to patient and physician wishes.	
Diabetes supplies		Benefits must be provided for medically necessary equipment and	
	§2847-E	supplies used to treat diabetes (insulin, oral hypoglycemic agents,	
		monitors, test strips, syringes and lancets) and approved self-	
		management and education training authorized by the State's Diabetes	
		Control Project within the Maine Bureau of Health.	

Drug Mail Order Opt	45 CFR	A health plan that provides an essential health benefits (EHB) package	
Out	§156.122(e)	cannot have a mail-order only prescription drug benefit.	
Early Childhood	24-A M.R.S.A.	All group health insurance policies, contracts and certificates must	
Intervention	<u>§2847-S</u>	provide coverage for children's early intervention services in	
		accordance with this subsection. A referral from the child's primary	
		care provider is required. The policy or contract may limit coverage to	
		the actuarial equivalent of \$3,200 worth of visits/services per year for	
		each child not to exceed the actuarial equivalent of \$9,600 worth of	
		visits/services by the child's 3rd birthday. If visits/services are	
		limited it must be actuarially equivalent to \$3,200 and you must	
		provide actuarial justification with the filing.	
		"Children's early intervention services" means services provided by	
		licensed occupational therapists, physical therapists, speech-language	
		pathologists or clinical social workers working with children from	
		birth to 36 months of age with an identified developmental disability or	
		delay as described in the federal Individuals with Disabilities	
		Education Act, Part C, 20, United States Code, Section 1432 at	
		http://uscode.house.gov/view.xhtml?req=granuleid:USC-prelim-	
		<u>title20-section1432#=0&edition=prelim.</u> The following federal	
		definition is provided for your information and is not required to be	
		included in the policy/certificate:	
		(4) Early intervention services	
		The term "early intervention services" means developmental services	
		that-	
		(A) are provided under public supervision;	
		(B) are provided at no cost except where Federal or State law	
		provides for a system of payments by families, including a schedule of	
		sliding fees; (C) are designed to most the developmental needs of an infant or	
		(C) are designed to meet the developmental needs of an infant or toddler with a disability, as identified by the individualized family	
		service plan team, in any 1 or more of the following areas:	
		(i) physical development;	
		(ii) cognitive development;	
		(iii) communication development;	
		(iv) social or emotional development; or	
		(, star of officeration of	

(v) adaptive development; (D) meet the standards of the State in which the services are provided, including the requirements of this subchapter; (E) include-(i) family training, counseling, and home visits; (ii) special instruction; (iii) speech-language pathology and audiology services, and sign language and cued language services; (iv) occupational therapy; (v) physical therapy; (vi) psychological services; (vii) service coordination services; (viii) medical services only for diagnostic or evaluation purposes; (ix) early identification, screening, and assessment services; (x) health services necessary to enable the infant or toddler to benefit from the other early intervention services; (xi) social work services; (xii) vision services; (xiii) assistive technology devices and assistive technology services; and (xiv) transportation and related costs that are necessary to enable an infant or toddler and the infant's or toddler's family to receive another service described in this paragraph; (F) are provided by qualified personnel, including-(i) special educators; (ii) speech-language pathologists and audiologists; (iii) occupational therapists;

(x) vision specialists, including ophthalmologists and optometrists;

(iv) physical therapists;(v) psychologists;(vi) social workers;

(viii) registered dietitians;(ix) family therapists;

(xi) orientation and mobility specialists; and (xii) pediatricians and other physicians;

(vii) nurses:

		(G) to the maximum extent appropriate, are provided in natural	
		environments, including the home, and community settings in which	
		children without disabilities participate; and	
		(H) are provided in conformity with an individualized family service	
		plan adopted in accordance with section 1436 of this title.	
Early refills of		A carrier offering a health plan in this State shall provide coverage for \Box	
prescription eye drops	§4314-A	one early refill of a prescription for eye drops if the following criteria are met:	
		A. The enrollee requests the refill no earlier than the date on which 70% of the days of use authorized by the prescribing health care provider have elapsed;	
		B. The prescribing health care provider indicated on the original prescription that a specific number of refills are authorized;	
		C. The refill requested by the enrollee does not exceed the number of refills indicated on the original prescription;	
		D. The prescription has not been refilled more than once during the period authorized by the prescribing health care provider prior to the request for an early refill; and	
		E. The prescription eye drops are a covered benefit under the enrollee's health plan.	
		2. Cost sharing. A carrier may impose a deductible, copayment or coinsurance requirement for an early refill under this section as permitted under the health plan.	
Emergency Services	24-A M.R.S.A.	The plan must cover emergency services in accordance with the	
	<u>§4320-C</u>	requirements of the ACA, including requirements that emergency	
		services be covered without prior authorization and that cost-sharing	
		requirements, expressed as a copayment amount or coinsurance rate,	
		for out-of-network services are the same as requirements that would	
		apply if such services were provided in network.	

		Cannot require prior authorization; cannot be limited to only services and care at participating providers; must be covered at in-network	
		cost-sharing level (patient is not penalized for emergency care at out	
		of network provider); Must pay for out-of-network emergency	
		services the greatest of: (1) the median in-network rate; (2) the usual	
		customary and reasonable rate (or similar rate determined using the	
		plans or issuer's general formula for determining payments for out	
		of-network services); or (3) the Medicare rate.	
Eye Care Services		Patient access to eye care providers when the plan provides eye care	
	<u>§4314</u>	services.	
Hearing aids	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Coverage is required for the purchase of hearing aids for each hearing-	
	<u>§2847-O</u>	impaired ear for the following individuals:	
		A. From birth to 5 years of age if the individual is covered under a	
		policy or contract that is issued or renewed on or after January 1,	
		2008.	
		B. From 6 to 13 years of age if the individual is covered under a	
		policy or contract that is issued or renewed on or after January 1,	
		2009.	
		C. From 14 to 18 years of age if the individual is covered under a	
		policy or contract that is issued or renewed on or after January 1,	
		2010.	
		The policy or contract may limit coverage to the actuarial equivalent of	
		\$1,400 per hearing aid for each hearing-impaired ear every 36 months.	
		Must provide actuarial justification that the visits/services per year	
		are equivalent to \$1,400 per hearing aid for each hearing-impaired	
		ear every 36 months.	
HIV/AIDS		May not provide more restrictive benefits for expenses resulting from	
TT 1 1.1	<u>§2846</u>	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) or related illness.	
Home health care		Every insurer which issues or issues for delivery in this State	
coverage	<u>§2837</u>	individual health policies, which provide coverage on an expense	
		incurred basis for inpatient hospital care, shall make available such	
		coverage for home health care services by a home health care provider.	

		Must provide unlimited visits pursuant to the benchmark plan.	
Hospice Care Services	24-A M.R.S.A.	Hospice care services must be provided to a person who is terminally	
F	§2847-J	ill (life expectancy of 12 months or less). Must be provided whether	
	<u>,,</u>	the services are provided in a home setting or an inpatient setting. See	
		section for further requirements.	
Infant Formula	24-A M.R.S.A.	Coverage of amino acid-based elemental infant formula must be	
	§2847-P	provided when a physician has diagnosed and documented one of the	
		following:	
		A. Symptomatic allergic colitis or proctitis;	
		B. Laboratory- or biopsy-proven allergic or eosinophilic	
		gastroenteritis;	
		C. A history of anaphylaxis	
		D. Gastroesophageal reflux disease that is nonresponsive to standard medical therapies	
		E. Severe vomiting or diarrhea resulting in clinically significant	
		dehydration requiring treatment by a medical provider	
		F. Cystic fibrosis; or	
		G. Malabsorption of cow milk-based or soy milk-based formula	
		Medical necessity is determined when a licensed physician has	
		submitted documentation that the amino acid-based elemental infant	
		formula is the predominant source of nutritional intake at a rate of 50%	
		or greater and that other commercial infant formulas, including cow	
		milk-based and soy milk-based formulas, have been tried and have	
		failed or are contraindicated.	
		Coverage for amino acid-based elemental infant formula under a	
		policy, contract or certificate issued in connection with a health	
		savings account may be subject to the same deductible and out-of-	
		pocket limits that apply to overall benefits under the policy, contract or	
		certificate.	
Information about		Consistent with the requirements of the federal Affordable Care Act, a	
prescription drugs	§4303, sub-§20	carrier offering a health plan in this State shall provide the following	
		information to prospective enrollees and enrollees with respect to	

			
		prescription drug coverage on its publicly accessible website.	
		A. A carrier shall post each prescription drug formulary for each health plan offered by the carrier. The prescription drug formularies must be posted in a manner that allows prospective enrollees and enrollees to search the formularies and compare formularies to determine whether a particular prescription drug is covered under a formulary. When a change is made to a formulary, the updated formulary must be posted on the website within 72 hours.	
		B. A carrier shall provide an explanation of:	
		(1) The requirements for utilization review, prior authorization or step therapy for each category of prescription drug covered under a health plan;	
		(2) The cost-sharing requirements for prescription drug coverage, including a description of how the costs of prescription drugs will specifically be applied or not applied to any deductible or out-of-pocket maximum required under a health plan;	
		(3) The exclusions from coverage under a health plan and any restrictions on use or quantity of covered health care services in each category of benefits; and	
		(4) The amount of coverage provided under a health plan for out-of- network providers or noncovered health care services and any right of appeal available to an enrollee when out-of-network providers or noncovered health care services are medically necessary.	
Leukocyte Antigen		A carrier offering a health plan in this State shall provide coverage for	
Testing To Establish Bone Marrow Donor	<u>§ 4320-I</u>	laboratory fees up to \$150 arising from human leukocyte antigen	
Done Marrow Donor		testing performed to establish bone marrow transplantation suitability in accordance with the following requirements:	

		A. The enrollee covered under the health plan must meet the criteria for testing established by the National Marrow Donor Program, or its successor organization;	
		B. The testing must be performed in a facility that is accredited by a national accrediting body with requirements that are substantially equivalent to or more stringent than those of the College of American Pathologists and is certified under the federal Clinical Laboratories Improvement Act of 1967, 42 United States Code, Section 263a;	
		C. At the time of the testing, the enrollee covered under the health plan must complete and sign an informed consent form that authorizes the results of the test to be used for participation in the National Marrow Donor Program, or its successor organization, and acknowledges a willingness to be a bone marrow donor if a suitable match is found; and	
		D. The carrier may limit each enrollee to one test per lifetime.	
		Prohibition on cost-sharing. A carrier may not impose any deductible, copayment, coinsurance or other cost-sharing requirement on an enrollee for the coverage required under this section.	
Mammogram screening	24-A M.R.S.A. §2837-A §4320-A	If radiological procedures are covered. Benefits must be made available for screening mammography at least once a year for women 40 years of age and over. A screening mammogram also includes an additional radiologic procedure recommended by a provider when the	
M-4	24 A M D C A	results of an initial radiologic procedure are not definitive.	
Maternity and newborn care	\$2834-A \$4320-A	Benefits must be provided for maternity (length of stay) and newborn care, in accordance with "Guidelines for Perinatal Care" as determined by attending provider and mother.	
		Benefits may not be restricted to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery/96 hours following a cesarean section.	

		An issuer is required to provide notice unless state law requires coverage for 48/96-hour hospital stay, requires coverage for maternity	
		and pediatric care in accordance with an established professional	
		medical association, or requires that decisions about the hospital length	
		of stay are left to the attending provider and the mother.	
Maternity benefits for	24-A M.R.S.A.	•	
unmarried women	§2832	same basis as married women.	
		Must provide coverage for metabolic formula and up to the actuarial	
for inborn error of	\$2837-D	equivalent of \$3,000 per year for prescribed modified low-protein food	
metabolism	<u>82037-D</u>	products.	
Mental Health	24 A M D C A	Must provide, at a minimum, the following benefits for a person	
		suffering from a mental or nervous condition: inpatient services, day	
Coverage	<u>§2843</u>	treatment services, outpatient services, and home health care services.	
		For groups with more than 20 employees mental health benefits cannot	
		be less extensive than for physical illnesses for the following mental	
		illnesses: psychotic disorders (including schizophrenia), dissociative	
		disorders, mood disorders, anxiety disorders, personality disorders,	
		paraphilias, attention deficit ad disruptive behavior disorders,	
		pervasive developmental disorders, tic disorders, eating disorders	
		(including bulimia and anorexia), and substance abuse-related	
		disorders.	
Mental health services	24 A M D C A		
(groups of 20 or less)	` <u> </u>	Mandated offer of parity for small groups – mental health benefits cannot be less extensive than for physical illnesses for the following	
(groups of 20 of less)	<u>§2843</u>	mental illnesses: schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, pervasive	
		developmental disorder (or autism), paranoia, panic disorder, obsessive	
Mental health services	24 A M D C A	compulsive disorder, and major depressive disorder.	
provided by	\$2835(3)	Benefits must be made available for mental health services provided by licensed counselors.	
counseling	82033(3)	incensed counselors.	
professionals.			
Obstetrical and	24 A M D C A	Dansfits must be must ded for annual armondonical aron without	
	` <u> </u>	Benefits must be provided for annual gynecological exam without	
gynecological care	<u>§2847-F</u>	prior approval of primary care physician.	
	§4320-A	A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering group or	
	<u>,, 10 = 0 11</u>	individual health insurance coverage, described in paragraph (2) may	
		not require authorization or referral by the plan, issuer, or any person	
	1	The state of the period of the	

		(including a primary care provider described in paragraph (2)(B)) in	
		the case of a female participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who seeks	
		coverage for obstetrical or gynecological care provided by a	
		participating health care professional who specializes in obstetrics or	
		gynecology.	
Off-label use of		Coverage required for off-label use of prescription drugs for treatment	
prescription drugs for	<u>§2837-F</u>	of cancer, HIV, or AIDS.	
cancer and HIV or			
AIDS	<u>§2837-G</u>		
Orally Administered	24-A M.R.S.A.		
Cancer Therapy	<u>§4317-B</u>	chemotherapy treatment shall provide coverage for prescribed, orally	
		administered anticancer medications used to kill or slow the growth of	
		cancerous cells that is equivalent to the coverage provided for	
		intravenously administered or injected anticancer medications. An	
		increase in patient cost sharing for anticancer medications may not be	
		used to achieve compliance with this section.	
		2. Construction. This section may not be construed to prohibit or limit	
		a carrier's ability to establish a prescription drug formulary or to	
		require a carrier to cover an orally administered anticancer medication	
		on the sole basis that it is an alternative to an intravenously	
		administered or injected anticancer medication.	
		Sec. 2. Application. This Act applies to all policies, contracts and	
		certificates executed, delivered, issued for delivery, continued or	
		renewed in this State on or after January 1, 2015. For purposes of this	
		Act, all contracts are deemed to be renewed no later than the next	
		yearly anniversary of the contract date.	
Pap tests	24-A M.R.S.A.	Benefits must be provided for cervical cancer screening tests.	
	<u>§2837-E</u>		
	<u>§4320-A</u>		
Pediatric Dental	45 CFR	Please demonstrate compliance with dental benefits pursuant to the	
	§155.1065	FEDVIP plan by completing the Benchmark Pediatric Dental checklist	
	(a)(3)	using the FEDVIP Benchmark Plan Benefits Chart for specific	
		coverage information.	
Pediatric Services	45 CFR	Coverage for pediatric services should continue until the end of the	
	§156.115(a)(6)	plan year in which the enrollee turns 19 years of age. Issuers are	

		encouraged to cover services under the pediatric services EHB	
		category beyond the 19 th birthday month if non-coverage of those	
		services after that time would negatively affect care.	
Prescription Drug	24-A M.R.S.A.	Access to prescription drugs for contracts that provide coverage for	
Access	<u>§4311</u>	prescription drugs and medical devices.	
Prescription Drug	Rule 755, Sec.	Must provide coverage for out-of-hospital prescription drugs and	
Coverage	6(F)(1)(i)	medications. Cost sharing for the drug benefit shall not exceed 50%	
		on average. If there is a separate maximum for this benefit, it shall be	
		at least \$1,500 per year.	
Prescription	24-A M.R.S.A.	If a health plan provides coverage for prescription drugs, a carrier:	
synchronization	§2769		
		A. Shall permit and apply a prorated daily cost-sharing rate to a	
		prescription that is dispensed by a pharmacist in the carrier's network	
		for less than a 30-day supply if the prescriber or pharmacist determines	
		that filling or refilling the prescription for less than a 30-day supply is	
		in the best interest of the patient and the patient requests or agrees to	
		less than a 30-day supply in order to synchronize the refilling of that	
		prescription with the patient's other prescriptions;	
		B. May not deny coverage for the dispensing of a medication prescribed for the treatment of a chronic illness that is made in accordance with a plan developed by the carrier, the insured, the prescriber and a pharmacist to synchronize the filling or refilling of multiple prescriptions for the insured. The carrier shall allow a pharmacy to override any denial codes indicating that a prescription is	
		being refilled too soon in order to synchronize the patient's prescriptions; and	
		C. May not use payment structures incorporating prorated dispensing fees. Dispensing fees for partially filled or refilled prescriptions must be paid in full for each prescription dispensed, regardless of any prorated copay for the insured or fee paid for alignment services.	
		2. Application; exclusion. The requirements of this section do not apply to a prescription for:	

	T		
		A. Solid oral doses of antibiotics; or	
		B. Solid oral doses that are dispensed in their original container as indicated in the federal Food and Drug Administration Prescribing Information or are customarily dispensed in their original packaging to assist a patient with compliance.	
Prostate cancer	24-A M.R.S.A.	Coverage required for prostate cancer screening: Digital rectal	
screening	§2837-H	examinations and prostate-specific antigen tests covered if	
		recommended by a physician, at least once a year for men 50 years of	
	<u>§4320-A</u>	age or older until age 72.	
Prosthetic devices to	24-A M.R.S.A.		
replace an arm or leg.	<u>§4315</u>	replace, in whole or in part, an arm or leg to the extent that they are	
		covered under the Medicare program. Coverage for repair or	
		replacement of a prosthetic device must also be included. Exclusion	
		for micro-processors was removed effective 1/2011.	
		1. Definition. As used in this section, "prosthetic device" means an	
		artificial device to replace, in whole or in part, an arm or a leg.	
		artificial device to replace, in whole of in part, an arm of a reg.	
		2. Required coverage. A carrier shall provide coverage for prosthetic	
		devices in all health plans that, at a minimum, equals, except as	
		provided in subsection 8, the coverage and payment for prosthetic	
		devices provided under federal laws and regulations for the aged and	
		disabled pursuant to 42 United States Code, Sections 1395k, 1395l and	
		1395m and 42 Code of Federal Regulations, Sections 414.202,	
		414.210, 414.228 and 410.100. Covered benefits must be provided for	
		a prosthetic device determined by the enrollee's provider, in	
		accordance with section 4301-A, subsection 10-A, to be the most	
		appropriate model that adequately meets the medical needs of the enrollee.	
		CHIOHEE.	
		8. Health savings accounts. Benefits for prosthetic devices under health	
		plans issued for use in connection with health savings accounts as	
		authorized under Title XII of the Medicare Prescription Drug,	
		Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 may be subject to the	

		same deductibles and out-of-pocket limits that apply to overall benefits under the contract.	
		 (h) Payment for prosthetic devices and orthotics and prosthetics (1) General rule for payment (A) In general Payment under this subsection for prosthetic devices and orthotics and prosthetics shall be made in a lump-sum amount for the purchase of the item in an amount equal to 80 percent of the payment basis described in subparagraph (B). (B) Payment basis Except as provided in subparagraphs (C), (E), and (H)(i), the payment basis described in this subparagraph is the lesser of— (i) the actual charge for the item; or (ii) the amount recognized under paragraph (2) as the purchase price for the item. 	
		Coverage should be applied as follows:	
		 Coinsurance shall NOT exceed 20%, AFTER deductible in the plan. HSA's are NOT subject to the 20% requirement but coinsurance may not exceed that for other services. DME and other prosthetic devices are NOT subject to the 20%, so it would be helpful to clarify in the schedule of benefits, summary of benefits and coverage, and the plan and benefits template how each category is paid out. Out Of Network is NOT subject to 20%, unless there is no innetwork available then OON should be billed as in-network i.e. 20%. 	
Reconstructive surgery after mastectomy	PHSA §2727	If covers mastectomy, then must also cover reconstructive surgery in a manner determined in consultation with provider and patient. Coverage must include:	
		 Reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed (all stages); Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce symmetrical appearance; 	

		Prostheses; and	
		• Treatment of physical complications at all stages of mastectomy.	
		Does not limit mastectomy to cancer diagnosis.	
Specialty tiered drugs -	24-A M R S A	A carrier may adjust an out-of-pocket limit, as long as any limit for	
Adjustment of out-of-	§4317-A	prescription drugs for coinsurance does not exceed \$3,500, to	
pocket limits	3 10 17 11	minimize any premium increase that might otherwise result from the	
poener mines		requirements of this section. Any adjustment made by a carrier	
		pursuant to this subsection is considered a minor modification under	
		section 2850-B.	
Substance Abuse	24-A M.R.S.A.	Every insurer which issues group health care contracts providing	
	§2842	coverage for hospital care to residents of this State shall provide	_
	0	benefits as required in this section to any subscriber or other person	
		covered under those contracts for the treatment of alcoholism and other	
		drug dependency pursuant to a treatment plan.	
Telemedicine Services	24-A M.R.S.A.	A carrier offering a health plan in this State may not deny coverage on	
	§4316	the basis that the coverage is provided through telemedicine if the	
		health care service would be covered were it provided through in-	
		person consultation between the covered person and a health care	
		provider. Coverage for health care services provided through	
		telemedicine must be determined in a manner consistent with coverage	
		for health care services provided through in-person consultation. A	
		carrier may offer a health plan containing a provision for a deductible,	
		copayment or coinsurance requirement for a health care service	
		provided through telemedicine as long as the deductible, copayment or	
		coinsurance does not exceed the deductible, copayment or coinsurance	
		applicable to an in-person consultation.	
Third Party	32 M.R.S.A.	A carrier that provides coverage for prescription drugs as part of a	
Prescription Act (Any	<u>§13771</u>	health plan may not refuse to contract with a pharmacy provider that is	
Willing Pharmacy)		qualified and is willing to meet the terms and conditions of the carrier's	
		criteria for pharmacy participation as stipulated in the carrier's	
	<u>§4317</u>	contractual agreement with its pharmacy providers.	
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Treatment of	24-A M.R.S.A.	Benefits must be made available for treatment of alcoholism by	
alcoholism	<u>§2842</u>	licensed or certified treatment facilities subject "reasonable	
		limitations".	